



# Answer Sheet

1. Infectious Microbe	Disease
Bacteria	Bacterial meningitis, Chlamydia, MRSA
Virus	HIV, Chickenpox, Flu, Measles, Glandular fever
Fungi	Thrush

2. Symptoms	Disease
Asymptomatic	Chlamydia, MRSA
Fever	Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, Bacterial meningitis
Rash	Bacterial meningitis, Chickenpox, Measles
Sore throat	Flu, Glandular fever
Tiredness	Glandular fever
Lesions	HIV
White discharge	Chlamydia, Thrush

3. Transmission	Disease
Sexual contact	Chlamydia, HIV, Thrush
Blood	Bacterial meningitis, HIV
Touch	Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, MRSA
Inhalation	Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, Bacterial meningitis
Mouth to mouth	Flu, Glandular fever

4. Prevention	Disease
Wash hands	Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, MRSA, Bacterial meningitis
Cover coughs and sneezes	Flu, Measles, Chickenpox, Bacterial meningitis
Use a condom	Chlamydia, HIV, Thrush
Avoid unnecessary antibiotic use	MRSA, Thrush
Vaccination	Chickenpox, Measles, Flu

5. Treatment	Disease
Antibiotics	Chlamydia, Bacterial meningitis, MRSA
Bed rest	Chickenpox, Glandular fever, Measles, Flu
Antifungals	Thrush
Fluid intake	Chickenpox, Glandular fever, Measles, Flu

Point to note: MRSA is an antibiotic resistant bacterium, it is specifically resistant to methicillin and some other commonly used antibiotics. Its resistance status is attributed to the overuse and misuse of this and other antibiotics. Treatment is still via antibiotic therapy, however, MRSA is also developing resistance to these as well.